



Sales at Vendue.

On every Tuesday and Friday,
WILL BE SOLD

At the Vendue Store, corner of Prince and
Water streets.

A Variety of Dry Goods, Groceries, &c.

Particulars of which will be expressed in
the bills of the day. All kinds of goods
which are on limitation and the prices of
which are established, can at any time be
viewed and purchased at the lowest limitation
and prices.

P. G. Marsteller, v. M.

NOTICE.

THE Co-partnership of Catlett
and Fisk, is this day dissolved by mutual con-
sent.

Chs. I. Catlett,
Martin Fisk.

The business in future will be trans-
acted by

CHS. I. CATLETT

April 1.

JUST RECEIVED.

And for sale by ROBERT GRAY.

A few copies Brown's Diction-
ary of the BIBLE. 2 vols. octavo, orna-
mented with Plates. Price 7 dollars, bound
and lettered.

July 27.

CLARET, &c.

10 Cases Fine Old Medoc Claret,
London Particular Madeira,
Marsala or Sicily do.
A few Bags Best Soft Shelled Almonds.
Spanish Segars, 1st and 2d quality,
FOR SALE BY

Joseph Mandeville,

Corner of King and Fairfax Streets.
June 27.

Scheme of a Lottery,

For the purpose of raising a sum of money to
aid the funds of the Charitable Marine So-
ciety of Baltimore.

1 prize of	5000 Dollars.	is	5000
1 —	2500 —		2500
2 —	1500 —		3000
4 —	750 —		3000
10 —	300 —		3000
20 —	150 —		3000
40 —	75 —		3000
30 —	50 —		2400
200 —	20 —		4000
300 —	10 —		3000
5000 —	6 —		30,000
1 First drawn blank			200
1 — after 2000 tickets			200
1 — 4000 —			200
1 — 6000 —			200
1 — 8000 —			400
1 — 10,000 —			400
1 — 12,000 —			500
1 — 14,000 —			1000
1 — 16,000 —			2000
1 Last drawn blank			3000

6168 Prizes amounting to Dollars. 75,000
1832 Blank s.—Sum raised } 15,000
including expence. }

From the above Scheme, it appears that
there are less than two blanks to a prize, and
that the prizes are to be paid without deduc-
tion.

The drawing will positively commence on
the 24th of next month, and will be complet-
ed in ten weeks. Tickets at \$5 50 cents.
For sale at R. GRAY'S BOOK STORE, where
the drawing of all tickets sold by him will be
examined free of expence. Prizes in the last
New York Lottery taken in payment for tick-
ets in this.

Orders for tickets from the country, enclos-
ing the cash (post-paid) will be punctually
attended to, and early information given of
their fate.

July 13.

FOR SALE, BY
LEWIS DEBLOIS

At his Store, near Col. Ramsay's wharf,
French Brandy, in pipes
Catalonia Wine, in half pipes and quarter

casks
New-England Rum, in hogsheads and bar-
rels

Molasses, in hogsheads
Cod-Fish, in boxes

Cider, Potatoes, Beets, and Winter Pears,
in barrels

Cheese
Cider Vinegar, in hogsheads and pipes

Tavern Lease for Sale.

THE subscriber being about to remove
the Indian Queen Tavern, in Baltimore, o-
fers for sale, on advantageous terms, the lease
of the House he now occupies, having eight
years, from the first of December next, to
run; which for convenience, it is believed
is excelled by none in the United States
and from the proximity to the seat of govern-
ment, and the direct communication which
will be opened between the city and Alexan-
dria by the bridge across the Potomac and the
Turnpike Road, bids fair to become one of
the best stands for business in the coun-
try, as the distance to the Capitol over the
bridge will be only about 7 miles. With the
Lease will be sold, if wanted, the whole of the
FURNITURE, as it now stands, together
with a large stock of WINES & LIQUORS.
There is a vacant lot on the corner of Cam-
eron and Pitt-streets, adjoining the stables, at-
tached to the House, (which renders it parti-
cularly commodious, as by that means the
property fronts on three streets) which will
be sold in fee simple, or leased for the re-
mainder of the time.

A handsome LOT OF GROUND, in the
centre of the square between King and Cam-
eron streets, and fronting on Washington
and Columbus streets, 107 feet, with a pub-
lic alley on one side, and an open space that
cannot be built on on the other. For a pub-
lic situation it is unequalled by any property
in Alexandria.

ALSO,

A LOT OF GROUND, at the west end,
about half a mile from town and fronting on
the Little River Turnpike Road, 85 feet, run-
ning back 250 feet, more or less. There are
improvements on the property adjoining it,
on each side.

A handsome LOT OF GROUND, on the
George-Town road, about half a mile from
town, in a very beautiful situation, containing
two acres.

A handsome SQUARE OF GROUND, on
Washington and Columbus streets, within
one quarter of a mile of town, well enclosed
with a post and rail fence, containing some-
thing less than two acres.

A half acre LOT on the commons, about
the same distance as the last mentioned.

ALSO,

My interest in the lease of a FARM, con-
taining between one and two hundred acres,
adjoining the town of Alexandria, in a high
state of cultivation, and enclosed with a new
post and rail fence, (in one of the enclosures
is the Alexandria Jockey Club Race Course)
with a large crop of OATS and HAY, which
will be sold in the stack or otherwise; —
two waggons, four carts, eight ploughs, two
double barrows, a large and elegant roller, all
of the best construction, six good farm horses,
and every other article that can be wanted for
a well managed farm, together with 12 choice
milk COWS, a fine buffalo BULL, forty
head of SHEEP, about fifty head of HOGS
of the very best breed that could be procured.
Also, some very VALUABLE SLAVES, if
they should be wanted for the farm.

ALSO,

The two lines of STAGES between George
Town and Alexandria, with a light HACK &
four HORSES.

NOTICE.

All persons having claims against me are
requested to bring them forward for settle-
ment; and all persons indebted are desired
to make immediate payment, as no longer
indulgence can be given, my intended remov-
al rendering it necessary that a full adjust-
ment of all accounts should take place.

JOHN GADSBY.

July 25.

JUST RECEIVED,

FOR SALE BY

R. GRAY.

CORINNA;

Or, Italy.

By Mad. De STAEL HOLSTEIN.

FATAL REVENGE;

OR,

The Family of Montorio.

A Romance, by DENNIS JASPER MURPHY.

Foundling of Belgrade.

A Translation from the French, by

WM. JENNINGS.

And the following PLAYS.

Castle Spectre.

Fox Chase.

Stranger, and

Ella Rosenberg.

August 4.

FOR SALE.

WILL SELL the HOUSE wherein I
live on the corner of Washington and
18th streets, on a credit of 12, 15, 18, 21,
and 24 months.

Robert Young.

July 13.

Charitable Marine Society, Lec-
ture, Baltimore.

Tickets and shares for sale at R. Gray's
book-store, at the following prices:

Whole Tickets, \$ 5 50

Half do. 3 00

Quarter do. 1 50

Prizes in the New-York Lottery taken in
payment for Ticket in this.

July 18.

JUST RECEIVED,

FOR SALE BY

R. GRAY:

Clarkson's Portraiture of Quak-
erism;

3 volumes octavo.

FREAKS OF COLUMBIA;

OR,

THE REMOVAL

OF THE

SEAT OF GOVERNMENT,

A Farce.

August 11.

LOST THIS MORNING,

SOMEWHERE on Fairfax or Prince-
streets, A SUM OF MONEY, in Alexan-
dria bank notes, of 5 dollars each: the finder
will be handsomely rewarded, by leaving it
with the printer.

July 29.

Washington and Alexandria Turn-
pike Company.

THE Stockholders of the Washington
and Alexandria Turnpike Company are
hereby notified, that the second instalment of
Ten Dollars on each share, is called for by
the President and Directors of the said Com-
pany, and is required to be paid to *Charles
Page*, Treasurer, in Alexandria, on or before
the 26th day of August next, agreeable to an
act of Congress, entitled "An act for the es-
tablishment of a Turnpike Company in the
county of Alexandria, in the district of Col-
umbia.

By order of the Directors,

G. Deneale, President.

July 23.

Marshal's Sale.

IN pursuance of a decree of the honorable
the United States Circuit Court of the dis-
trict of Columbia, sitting in Alexandria, on
an appeal from the District Court of the said
district, in a case of seizure and libel, between
the United States and forty boxes of White
Clayed Sugar, ten boxes of Brown Sugar, and
ten tons of Logwood, and Matthew Keene,
claimant; will be sold, at public sale, for
ready money, on Monday, the 29th day of
this month, at the warehouse of George Sla-
um, in the town of Alexandria, between the
hours of eleven and twelve o'clock of the fore-
noon of that day, the said forty boxes of White
Clayed Sugar, ten boxes of Brown Sugar, and
ten tons of Logwood.

Daniel Minor, D. M.

for Washington Boyd.

August 11.

TO RENT.

(And immediate possession given)

NEAR THE EXTREMITY OF THE PAVEMENT
On Prince-Street

A TWO-STORY BRICK HOUSE, with
an elegant garden, and all necessary
buildings thereto, complete. The premises
occupy one half acre of ground, on one of the
best situations and best constructions, equalled
by few, (if any) excelled by none in Alexan-
dria of its size; it has also a pump of excel-
lent water, approved of by the best judges,
besides a well in the garden for its exclusive
use, and is every way calculated to accommo-
date a genteel family, from such a moderate
rent will be taken.

Now building and will be ready
to RENT about the first of August, FOUR
HOUSES, on Washington-street, the situ-
ations are good, and the buildings will be ve-
ry convenient and neatly finished, for private
families, or public business—and a House or
two, near Messrs. Marsteller and Young's
wharf.

For terms apply to,

Robert Brocket.

June 1.

FOR BOSTON,

The Schooner

ENTERPRIZE,

Capt. Hewes;

For freight of 400 barrels, or
passage, leaving good accommodations, ap-
ply to

John G. Ladd.

Landing, for sale, from said vessel,

45 tons Plaster Paris,

3 tierces Claret Wine,

60 bales Cut Corks,

2500 wt. Glauber's Salt.

July 38.

For New-York,

The BRIG

GENEROUS FRIEND,

George Clark, Master;

She is a staunch well found vessel, with
good accommodations for passengers, & will
sail in ten days. For freight of two to three
hundred barrels, or passengers, apply to the
Master on board, or

Thomas Irwin.

August 19.

Dissolution of Partnership.

THE partnership heretofore subsisting un-
der the firm of Craik and Washington, is this
day dissolved by mutual consent—all persons
indebted to them are requested to make pay-
ment to Mr. James Craik West, who is autho-
rised to settle the concerns of the said firm,

James Craik,

Wm. Washington.

March 8.

THE subscriber being defi-
cient to settle his accounts previous to the
partnership, requests all persons indebted to
him, to make immediate payment to Mr.
James C. West, who is authorised to attend to
the settlement thereof.

James Craik.

March 8.

ATTENTION.

BATTALION Courts of Enquiry will be
held at the Court House, on Thursday the
25th August, for the assessment of fines—and
a Legionary Court of Enquiry will be held at
the same place on Thursday the 8th Septem-
ber next, for hearing appeals and performing
other duties required by law. The courts
will be opened at ten o'clock, A. M. on each
day.

By order,

P. Triplett, Adjutant

2d L. M. D. C.

August 19.

The collector solicits the attention of delin-
quents to the above notice, as no appeals after
this court will be heard.

Patent Shot, &c.

ons Patent Shot, assorted, B to no. 7.

hogsheads brown Sugars.

375 lbs. green Coffee.

Imperial Tea, of a very superior quali-
ty, in quarter chests, boxes and can-
isters.

50 barrels choice Whiskey.

Jamaica Spirits, (for family use)—war-
ranted seven years old.

40 boxes Muscatel Raisins.

With a general assortment of Wines, Li-
quors, and Groceries as usual—

FOR SALE BY

Joseph Mandeville,

Corner of King and Fairfax streets.

June 15.

RECEIVED TO-DAY,

1 hhd. first quality Muscovado Sugar,

2 do. do. Havanna,

7 tierces new Rice,

ON HAND,

8,000 cwt. very nice BACON,

Soap and Candles in boxes,

Porter in barrels,

SHOES and TRUNKS, a general assort-
ment as usual.

E. GILMAN.

August 3.

NOTICE.

IN consequence of the retirement of James
H. Hooe from the concern of Robert T. Hooe
and Co. which has hitherto been carried on
by the subscribers; the same business will be
prosecuted under the same firm, by Robert
T. Hooe and John Muncaster, with whom the
settlement of the old concern remains.

Robert T. Hooe,

James H. Hooe,

John Muncaster.

July 15—19,

edit

Alexandria Price Current.

CORRECTED WEEKLY.

FOREIGN ARTICLES.

	her.	D. C.	D. C.
Coffee,	lb.	26	29
Duck, Russia	bol.	25	26
Ravens	15	16	
Fruit, Raisins	keg	11	11 50
Indigo, Spanish (fiot.)	box	4	5
Molasses	gal.	48	50
Salt, coarse	bus.	75	80
fine	65	77	
Spices, Nutmegs	lb.	9	10
Pepper	22	25	
Pimento	22	27	
Spirits, Brandy (French) 4th	gal.	1 50	1 75
Gin, Holland	1 20	1 25	
Rum, Jamaica 4th	1 10	1 15	
Antigua 3d	90	95	
Windward 2d & 3d	80	85	
Sugars, 1st quality	cwt.	10 50	11
2d & 3d	8	10	
Teas, Imperial	lb.	2	2
Hyson	1 10	1 15	
Young Hyson	1 10	1 20	
Hyson Skin	65	75	
Wines, Madeira	gal.	2	2 50
Port	1 40	1 60	
Lisbon	1 33	1 40	
Malaga	95	1	

DOMESTIC ARTICLES.

	her.	D. C.	D. C.
Bacon	lb.	9	10
Beef, Mess	bb.	no sales	
Prime	no sales		
Bread, Crackers	cwt.	no sales	
Pilot	no sales		
Ship	no sales		
Candles, Mould	lb.	18	20
Dipt	16	18	
Cheese	8	12	
Cotton, Upland	17	18	
Fish, Mackerel	bb.	7 50	8
Shad	7 50	8	
Herrings	3 75	4	
Flour, Superfine	4 42		
Grain, Wheat	bus.	70	75
Corn	40	45	
Flaxseed	none		
Glass, Window 8 by 10	box	12 50	13 50
Gunpowder, Keg	25 lb.	10 50	11 50
Hemp	cwt.	10	11
Iron, Barr	ton	120	125
Pork, Mess	bb.	no sales	
Prime	no sales		
Spirits, N. E. Rum	gal.	50	55
Whiskey	40	44	
Sugar, New-Orleans	100 lbs.	none	
Leaf	lb.	2	21
Lump	19	20	
Tobacco, Maryland	cwt.	no sales	
Potomac	no sales		

PRICE OF STOCKS.

Alexandria Bank,	par.
Potomac do.	93
Marine Insurance	uncertain
Washington Bridge	par
Little River Turnpike	uncertain
Washington and Alexandria do. 18 per ct. ad.	
Exchange on London,	108 to 110 pr. ct.

Spring Garden.

On MONDAY EVENING, August 22,
WILL BE EXHIBITED,

An elegant FIRE WORKS

ILLUMINATION.

1. A horizontal running piece, called the LADIES' FANCY, on account of the variety of its turns.
2. A grand display of a RUNNING SUN, various in its shape and colours, representing at times a cloudy and bright appearance.
3. A large running vertical piece, called DON BRUTAL, or the NOISY WHEEL.
4. A grand metamorphosis of a CROSS of MALTA into four fixed Stars, which will change into a fixed Sun of brilliant rays, metamorphosed into a moving Rose.
5. A running horizontal CASCADE, forming various Basons, ornamented with atmospheric beauties, will conclude the Fire-works.

The exhibition commences at 8 o'clock.
Admittance Fifty Cents—Children at half price.

If the weather should prove unfavorable, the exhibition will be postponed to next fair evening.

August 13.

To be Let,

THE HOUSE lately occupied by Benja. Dulany, esq. in a healthy and pleasant situation. Immediate possession may be had.

Jonathan Mandeville.

August 13

co3t

FROM THE FREEMAN'S JOURNAL.

THE ALARM BELL.
TREASON! TREASON! TREASON!

The citizenso f the State of Pennsylvania are requested to read the following, copied from the Democratic Press. We did not intend to notice that paper again, but the avowal is so treasonable, so monstrous, and so befitting one of Bonaparte's emissaries that a mark ought, like Cain, to be fixed on him. It is an old saying, "the greatest rogue cries out rogue first;" hence the cry of British party and British faction has been raised by a set of abandoned men in order to turn the public attention from themselves, until it was time to throw off the mask—they have thrown it off: and now, since Bonaparte has become master of Spanish South America, since he has become a neighbor to the United State, they boldly acknowledge they belong to a French party in America!! That there is a British party in America has never been acknowledged, and has ever been indignantly denied. It cannot be believed. No American will ever belong to any other party than his country. If he did, he would deserve the Pillory. But read what French Tories dare to promulgate in the face of the laws, in the very capital of the United States. Read, and mark the miscreants.

From the Democratic Press, printed by John Birns.

"I believe there is not a man in America, who does not belong to a FRENCH PARTY, or an English one." I ACKNOWLEDGE I BELONG TO THE FORMER.

"I believe Bonaparte never did nor ever will voluntarily commit an act of violence against us."

"I believe the Stripling was sold by his brethren into Egypt, he being chosen to do a great work."

"I believe Moses was preserved in the bullrush basket floating on the Nile, being chosen to do a great work."

"I believe the stripling David was taken from the sheepfold, and preserved when he cut off the skirts of Saul's garment, being chosen to do a great work, for he had a Goliath to slay."

"I believe the stripling Napoleon of Corsica, was preserved at Dunkirk, at Arcole, at Lodi, Marengo, and a hundred other places, being also chosen to do a great work, for he has a Goliath yet to slay."

"I believe Simon Snyder ought to be governor."

"I believe James Madison possesses every qualification requisite, and is fully competent to discharge the duties of president of the U. States; and that he will pursue the line laid down by Mr. Jefferson."

"I believe the writer of this creed is a democrat, if he is not mistaken in the meaning of the word."

It is signed, "J. B."

After this tissue of treason and blasphemy in comparing those holy men who were types of the Redeemer to Napoleon, we ask of the people what they think of these things? And the coupling Snyder and Madison in the same breath with the acknowledgment of a French party in America, irresistibly forces itself upon our attention.

Well was it said of old—"If these things are done in the green tree, what will be done in the dry?"

If traitors avow their intentions at the present time, what are they not prepared for? Mark the miscreants.

FROM THE NORTH AMERICAN.

No. II.

I HAVE said, that those who rule our councils, have been regularly and systematically urging the nation into the arms of France, by plunging us into a war with Britain. The mode, by which alone this pernicious object can be effected is too apparent to be mistaken. The power of peace and war being essentially in the people, their minds must be prepared for war before they can be engaged in one. It is not by openly avowing the design, that this can be accomplished. The people of this country are disinclined to war, and an open direct avowal of a wish to involve them in one, might defeat its own purpose. It is by rousing the angry passions; by exasperating those keen resentments, which have been excited against a foreign nation, that the Americans are to be prepared to wage war upon that nation. It is by exaggerating the injuries inflicted by Britain; by concealing, softening, and even denying those heaped upon us by France; by misrepresenting the conduct of those powers, and mistaking their views; that America is to be induced to facilitate the imposition of manacles on herself, by uniting with the latter to hasten the downfall of the former.

Who has not perceived the too successful industry with which this baneful system has been pursued?

I will not invite my fellow citizens to look back to 1793, and to follow the man on whom people have bestowed their confidence, from that period to the present. I will not invite them to recollect the ardent and persevering zeal, with which those men continued to defend the right of France to exercise, in this country, the choicest attributes of sovereignty; nor will I call their attention to the malignant rage with which the best patriots of our country were pursued for defending that sovereignty. But it will be useful to advert to one fact which appears to have escaped the public attention, and which is of some importance in marking the temper of those who govern public opinion. It is this: in the measures adopted by the beligerent powers which are deemed injurious to this country, France has generally taken the lead. For the purpose of exasperation the past offences of Great Britain are frequently recapitulated. Among them is the order of the 9th of June, 1793. Neither the subsequent treaty, nor the ample compensation we have received for captures made under that order, can erase it from our catalogue of injuries. Our resentments are still to be excited by it. Yet we are never told, that in the preceding month, a decree still less defensible in principle, still more injurious to our rights, was made by the government of France. We are never told, that for the captures under this and other decrees of the same power, which subjected to confiscation every vessel sailing under the American flag, no compensation has ever been made. Degrading to our government and to our nation, as have and continue to be the claims and practices of France, we are never reminded of this, or of any other fact which might disclose to us our real situation, whilst every measure adopted by a nation struggling for her own liberty, in which ours is involved, is presented to us in the most odious colors, and dilated upon with an assiduity which never relaxes.

I shall not rely on the conduct of those now in power, while they constituted an opposition; but shall pass to those transactions which manifest the temper with which they have administered our national affairs.

In the United States, as in all popular governments, public opinion is in a great measure regulated by the Press. It is, of consequence, the vehicle by which the government conveys to the people those sentiments which it wishes to inculcate. In those presses, therefore, which enjoy the sunshine of ministerial favor and patronage, which are professedly devoted to the support of the administration, and to the furtherance of its designs, we may look with confidence for the certain expression of the ministerial will. All have perceived with what unwearied diligence these presses have labored to diffuse through the mass of the people, a most rancorous and venomous hate of England, while every fact, which might open their eyes to the real dangers to be apprehended from France, has been carefully kept out of view. No man, who will look into these papers, and they have been read with partiality by a great majority of the community, can refuse his assent to the truth, that the ruling sentiment which prevades them is hostility to England, and a consequent accordance with the views of France. I will not cite paragraphs to illustrate the truth of this assertion. I make it fearless of contradiction. The columns of the papers alluded too, are replete with evidences of the fact and those who are not satisfied of its verity, would require some proof auxiliary to his own splendor, that the sun shines at mid-day. No man can inspect the Aurora, the National Intelligencer, the Enquirer, or any other paper enjoying the favor of the administration, without perceiving one unvarying effort to lead the American people into a war with England.

I do not mention this fact as one which has not been observed by others, for there are few who have not felt its influence, but for the purpose of requesting the attention of my fellow citizens to its origin and intended effect.

Can it be believed, that papers, which are deemed semi-official, which are known to devote themselves to the service of the administration, and to partake of its bounty, would continually urge a system which that administration disapproved? It cannot be believed. No man can hesitate to admit, that the press is a powerful engine, wielded by the government, skillfully, and with immense effect, for the promotion of its favorite object.

If the means constantly employed have a certain and obvious tendency to produce a particular end, that end must be desired by those who employ the means. Who then can resist the conclusion that a war with Britain is most anxiously desired by that administration, under whose auspices the means calculated to produce it are so unremittingly employed?

Let it not be said, that it is just to as-

scribe to the administration, principles which may be propagated by the editors of newspapers, or that the fact is in itself too important to form the basis of so serious a charge as a desire to involve the nation in war, which, without the interposition of evidence, must terminate in the subjugation of this once free and happy country, in favour of government would be infinitely withdrawn from papers which obstinately persisted in opposing its views, and no man is so ignorant of the influence of the press as to deem it an unimportant instrument in effecting great political objects. By no means in existence is its capacity more justly appreciated than by those whom it has elevated to almost unlimited power, and who use it as a mean to excite our hostility against England.

It is then a most serious and a most terrible proof of the spirit by which the present administration is actuated. It is one which demands the solemn consideration of the American people.

SENEX.

NEW-YORK, August 18.

The brig Stephen, captain Barker, arrived at this port last evening in fifty days from Falmouth, having left there on the 29th of June. Captain B. has politely furnished the editor of the MERCANTILE ADVERTISER, with a file of London papers to the 1st of June, but only one day later than our previous advices; from which we extract the following articles:

LONDON, June 19.

Yesterday a large bag of letters was received at the post-office from our fleet off Cadiz, Gibraltar, and from the former, we understand, down to the 1st instant. We have seen some of these letters, and although the communication by them is of a less decisive character than we had expected, it encourages a hope that the next advices will be of a more important nature. We know that ministers are sanguine in their expectations of good accounts from Spain, and are confident that the patriotism and power of the people are equal to the vast struggle in which they are engaged. Such knowledge of their sentiments represses those fears to which we might otherwise give way, and to their better information we confide our hopes.

The report of the failure of Ad. Purvis's negotiation for the occupation of the works at St. Leon, and the Puntals, was renewed yesterday at the Stock Exchange; it was further stated, that a large body of the Spanish patriots had been cut to pieces at Salterra, and that Bonaparte had arrived with considerable reinforcements at Pampeluna, and was directing his rout, by forced marches into Asturias. These statements, although wholly unsupported by any certain communication, had the effect to lower the Funds nearly one per cent, below the concluding prices of the preceding day; before the close of the market, however, they recovered in some degree, and left off about a quarter per cent worse than they opened. The insurrection in the Northern Provinces was not known at Cadiz at the date of the accounts from thence, and to that circumstance we may fairly ascribe the conflict which the Spanish commandant appears to have sustained between his inclination and his fears. No accounts from Madrid subsequent to the 7th, had reached Cadiz on the 26th, the recent proceedings at Bayonne were unknown there, as well as the consequent risings in Asturias, Gallacia, &c. and it is not too much to suppose, that if the people of Cadiz were inclined to resist the French in the absence of such information, that when they become informed of those events, they will join in the glorious enterprise of shaking off the domination of France.

The arrangements for succouring the Spaniards are continued with activity. The artillery embarked at Plymouth, was to sail yesterday for Cork, from whence the troops under the orders of Sir A. Wellesley will be ready to sail about the close of the ensuing week. The artillery to be embarked at Portsmouth, and three regiments now under orders for embarkation at Dover &c. will, it is stated, follow early in the ensuing week.

Government are purchasing large quantities of oats, supposed to be intended either for the supply of our cavalry in Sweden, or for the use of the patriots in Spain. Parliament, it is reported, will adjourn about the 16th of July; and, it is added, will re-assemble in October.

The manufacturers at Leeds, Bradford, and Huddersfield, are stated to have received, during the last week, numerous and extensive orders; part for the army and navy, and a large portion for the American markets, under an expectation of our intercourse with that country being shortly renewed.

PHILADELPHIA

Latest from

Yesterday arrived at Liverpool, ship Otis, capt. ... cargo of dry goods. ... ing for this port to sail in ... The Otis left Liverpool ... and London papers to ... We learn that rumors w ... England that a negotiatio ... Denmark was to be in ... confidence was reposed ... occasion a depression of ... produce in some instan ... was also reported, that ... ed war against Austria ... had arrived. Bayonne ... chared king of Spain, ... knowledge and prom ... assembled at Bayonne ... Madrid. Murat has iss ... chine. Joseph had iss ... commanding the solani ... authorities. In this pro ... himself king of Spain, ... GIBRALTAR. THE CON ... MERICA, the islands ... tish parliament had b ... message from the king ... by commission, in whic ... the king of Sweden con ... the war with vigor, and ... were resolved to afford ... aid in their power to s ... dence, and disavows an ... that of preserving uni ... and independence of th ... The king had issued a ... claiming peace with suc ... were not under the po ... ordering a discharge o ... &c. &c. a similar procla ... ened in Spain declarin ... Britain and Sweden. ... in England of serious ... had broken out in Paris ... France; but the acco ... confirmation. They ... Guernsey paper of the ... petition had sailed from ... from the Downs with t ... money and warlike stor ... Paris accounts state, ... ville had fixed upon the ... of Austria, as their kin ...

LONDON

There is a report in ... rection in Paris.

Parliament was this ... with the following ... from the Throne, by ... "My Lords & Gentile ... "We have it i ...

Majesty to express to ... faction which be deriv ... by putting an end to ... Parliament, to termin ... Andance which the p ... quired of you.

"The measures wh ... for the improvement o ... the country, promises ... of a system of inter ... useful and peculiarly ... gencies of these times ...

"The sanction wh ... those measures of de ... which the violent at ... the commerce and re ... dom, compelled his ... been highly gratified ...

"His majesty doub ... suit, the enemy will ... impolicy of perseveri ... retorts upon himself ... proportion, those evi ... to inflict upon this co ...

"Gentlemen of the H ... "We are comman ... return his most hea ... for the cheerfulness a ... the necessary suppli ... have been provided.

"His majesty dir ... that he participates i ... which you must have ... ishing situation of th ... the country, notwith ... pressure of the war ... you upon having be ... for the exigencies of ... so small an addition ...

"His majesty con ... for having enabled ... engagements with h ... to you the particula ... has derived from t ... sister, her royal hi ... Brunswick.

PHILADELPHIA, August 20.

Latest from England.

Yesterday arrived at Lazaretto from Liverpool, ship Otis, capt. Leeds, with a full cargo of dry goods. Left two ships loading for this port to sail in about ten days. The Otis left Liverpool on the 10th of July, and brings a paper of that place of the 9th, and London papers to the 6th, inclusive. We learn that rumors were abroad in England that a negotiation for peace was on foot between Russia and England in which Denmark was to be included. So much confidence was reposed in the rumor as to occasion a depression of the price of Russian produce in some instances 50 per cent. It was also reported, that France had declared war against Austria. Joseph Bonaparte had arrived at Bayonne, and had been declared king of Spain, &c. and had been acknowledged and proclaimed by the Junta assembled at Bayonne and by another at Madrid. Murat has also arrived at Bayonne. Joseph had issued a proclamation commanding the submission of all the authorities. In this proclamation he styles himself king of Spain, Minorca, Majorca, Gibraltar, THE CONTINENT OF AMERICA, the islands &c. &c. The British parliament had been prorogued. A message from the king had been delivered by commission, in which it is mentioned that the king of Sweden continued to prosecute the war with vigor, and that the government were resolved to afford the Spaniards every aid in their power, to secure their independence, and disavows any other motive than that of preserving unimpaired the power and independence of the Spanish monarchy. The king had issued a proclamation, proclaiming peace with such parts of Spain as were not under the power of France, and ordering a discharge of Spanish prisoners, &c. &c. a similar proclamation had been issued in Spain declaring peace with Great Britain and Sweden. There were accounts in England of serious insurrections which had broken out in Paris and other parts in France; but the accounts seem to want confirmation. They were copied from a Guernsey paper of the 19th June. An expedition had sailed from Cork and another from the Downs with troops and supplies of money and warlike stores for Spain.

Paris accounts state, that the Junta of Seville had fixed upon the arch duke Charles, of Austria, as their king.

LONDON, July 4.

There is a report in this city of an insurrection in Paris.

Parliament was this afternoon prorogued with the following most gracious speech from the Throne, by commission:

"My Lords & Gentlemen,

"We have it in command from his Majesty to express to you the great satisfaction which he derives from being enabled by putting an end to the present session of Parliament, to terminate the laborious attendance which the public business has required of you.

"The measures which you have adopted for the improvement of the military force of the country, promises to lay the foundation of a system of internal defence eminently useful and peculiarly adapted to the exigencies of these times.

"The sanction which you have given to those measures of defensive retaliation, to which the violent attacks of the enemy upon the commerce and resources of this kingdom, compelled his majesty to resort, has been highly gratifying to his majesty.

"His majesty doubts not that, in the result, the enemy will be convinced of the impolicy of persevering in the system which retorts upon himself, in so much greater proportion, those evils which he endeavors to inflict upon this country.

"Gentlemen of the House of Commons,

"We are commanded by his majesty to return his most hearty acknowledgements for the cheerfulness and liberality with which the necessary supplies for the current year have been provided.

"His majesty directs up to assure you that he participates in the satisfaction with which you must have contemplated the flourishing situation of the revenue, and credit of the country, notwithstanding the continued pressure of the war: and he congratulates you upon having been enabled to provide for the exigencies of the public service, with so small an addition to the public burdens.

"His majesty commands us to thank you for having enabled him to make good his engagements with his allies; and to express to you the particular gratification which he has derived from the manner in which you have provided for the establishment of his sister, her royal highness the duchess of Brunswick.

"My Lords & Gentlemen,

"His majesty has great satisfaction in informing you, that notwithstanding the formidable confederacy, united against his ally the king of Sweden, that sovereign perseveres with unabated vigor and constancy, to maintain the honor and independence of his crown, and that no effort has been wanting on the part of his majesty to support him in the arduous contest in which he is engaged.

"The recent transactions in Spain and Italy have exhibited new and striking proofs of the unbounded and unprincipled ambition which actuates the common enemy of every established and independent nation in the world.

"His majesty views with the liveliest interest the loyal and determined spirit manifested by the Spanish nation in resisting the violence and perfidy with which their dear rights have been assailed.

"The Spanish nation thus nobly struggling against the tyranny and usurpation of France, can no longer be considered as the enemy of Great Britain, but is recognized by his majesty as a friend; and ally.

"We are commanded to inform you, that his majesty has received communications from several of the provinces of Spain soliciting the aid of his majesty. The answer of his majesty to these communications has been received in Spain with every demonstration of those sentiments of confidence and affection which are congenial to the feelings and true interest of both nations: and his majesty commands us to assure you, that he will continue to make every exertion in his power for the support of the Spanish cause; guided in the choice and in the direction of his exertions by the wishes of those in whose behalf they are employed.

"In contributing to the success of this great and glorious cause, his majesty has no other object than that of preserving unimpaired the power and independence of the Spanish monarchy. But he trusts that the same efforts which are directed to that great object may, under the blessing of Divine Providence, lead to their effects and by their example, to the restoration of the liberties and peace of Europe."

July 5.

We have extracted from the Moniteur an account of the proceedings of the Junta, at Bayonne, from its meeting on the 15th to its third sitting on the 21st ult. It now appears that Bonaparte assumed to himself the right and power to nominate his brother Joseph king of Spain, and that he has not even condescended to ask the Junta to sanction his choice. The meeting is declared to have been summoned for the purpose of discussing the new constitutional code intended for Spain, or in other words, register whatever new fangled code his whim and caprice may dictate. At the first meeting on the 15th, the Imperial decree, proclaiming Joseph king of Spain and the Indies, was read, and the president read a speech explanatory of the purpose for which they were convened. After which they resolved to testify their allegiance and homage to the new king, whom Napoleon had given to reign over them. On the 17th they held their sitting, on the 18th they were admitted to an audience of king Joseph, who they addressed in a strain of common-place fulsome adulation, to which they received a suitable answer.

In the third sitting, on the 20th, the plan of the new constitution was submitted to their consideration and they began to discuss it on the 21st. So far, it would appear, the new machine works with perfect facility, but the appearance is deceitful. Enough is disclosed in the speech of the president, first meeting on the 15th, to show that its operations will be impeded and that Spain is convulsed from end to end. In that speech the president notices "the ferment and disorder that disquiet various towns of the kingdom," that they are in arms, and mean to elect the arch duke Charles of Austria, king of Spain. If the insurrection in Spain were not formidable, it would not have been noticed in this way. Indeed, every intelligence from that country, through whatever channel it may be conveyed, plainly indicates the embarrassment and fears of Bonaparte.

Murat, we find, is arrived at Bayonne, from Madrid, to assist him with his advice in his present difficult situation.

Public Sale.

ON WEDNESDAY the 24th instant, at twelve o'clock, will be sold at the Coffee House;

Sixty Acres of LAND,

More or less, agreeably to survey, being part of the Stump Hill Tract.—Terms made known at the time of sale.

P. G. Marsteller.

August 22.

Alexandria Daily Gazette.

MONDAY, AUGUST 22.

Letters from France of a late date, mention, that American vessels detained in France, would have permission to sail—and even those that were under sequestration. From this it would appear that Bonaparte was going to relax in the severity of his decrees.

The schooner Stag, Captain Green, of and from Philadelphia bound to Lagaira, on the 8th instant, lat. 31. long. 62, in a gale, discovered that the fore mast was rotten, & could not carry sail; bore away for the Capes of Virginia. On the 15th, the gale increasing, with thick weather, was cast away about 3 miles to the northward of Cape Henry yesterday morning; the vessel, it is expected, will be totally lost: crew saved.—The Stag was an elegant new schooner, copper bottomed, and on her first voyage.

Norfolk paper.

The brig Panther, Capt. Hall, arrived at New-York, in 30 days from Trinidad, Port Spain. Left brig Neptune, for New-York, in 6 days; brig Concord, for do. in 3 weeks; five days since, in lat. 36, 34, long. 75, spoke brig Eliza, from Philadelphia, for Savannah. Flour was twenty four dollars.

ALEXANDRIA THEATRE.

No postponement on account of the weather.

FOR THE BENEFIT OF MESSRS. MCKENZIE & BLISSETT.

ON TUESDAY, August 23, 1808. Will be presented a celebrated PLAY in 5 acts, CALLED

A B Æ L L I N O, The Great Bandit.

Andreas Gritti,	Mr. Warren.
Dandoli,	Mr. Briers.
Canari,	Mr. Charnock.
Fiodoardo,	Mr. McKenzie.
Cardinal Grimaldi,	Mr. Cross.
Parozzi,	Mr. Cone.
Falieri,	Mr. Wilmot.
Contarino,	Mr. Miller.
Memmo,	Mr. Blissett.
Matteo,	Mr. Cross.
Abacchino,	Mr. McKenzie.
Banditti,	Mr. Seymour, &c.

Rosamunda,	Mrs. Wilmot.
Aduella,	Mrs. Jefferson.

IN ACT FIFTH, A GRAND GALA, in the palace of the Doge of Venice, in which will be introduced a CONCERTO on the Violin, by Mr. GILLINGHAM.

END OF THE PLAY, A New INTERLUDE, (written by a gentleman of Philadelphia) called,

THE EMBARGO;

OR,

What News?

Lieut. Freeman, (with a Song)	Mr. Jacobs.
Paragraph,	Mr. Blissett.
Tradewell,	Mr. Briers.
Whisper,	Mr. Cone.
Hawser,	Mr. Cross.
Clue-line,	Mr. Miller.
Strop, (with the song of the "Twiddle & a Friz")	Mr. Jefferson.
Lydia,	Miss Hunt.
Sailors, Messrs. Seymour, Harris, &c.	

TO CONCLUDE WITH A CHARACTERISTIC DANCE, IN WHICH WILL BE INTRODUCED, A HORNPIPE, by Miss HUNT.

TO CONCLUDE WITH The much admired FARCE of RAISING THE WIND.

Plainway,	Mr. Francis.
Fainwood,	Mr. Miller.
Jeremy Didler,	Mr. Jefferson.
Sam,	Mr. Bray.
Richard,	Mr. Harris.
Plainway's servant,	Mr. Seymour.

Miss Plainway,	Mrs. Jefferson.
Miss Laurelia Durable,	Mrs. Francis.

On Thursday, Messrs. Bray and Cone's Benefit.

Doors to be open at 6, and performance to begin precisely at a quarter past 7 o'clock.

An excellent Cook for Sale.

FANNY, the property of the late James MURRAY, jun. will be exposed to public sale, before the tavern of George Williams, in the town of Dumfries, on Monday, the 8th day of September next, at three o'clock in the afternoon. Fanny is an excellent cook, sempstress, washer-woman, and house-servant, and will be a valuable acquisition in any family. Credit will be given until the raising of the Embargo, should that event occur within six months; otherwise the purchaser will have six months credit on giving bond with approved security, the bond to bear interest from date if not punctually paid to

V. Peyton, Ex'r.

Stafford, Aug. 18. (22)

The Stages South of Alexandria.

ON the first of October next the Mail Stage will commence running as follows between Alexandria and Petersburg in Virginia:

Will leave Alexandria every day at 6 o'clock in the evening, and arrive at Dumfries by 5 in the morning—Leave Dumfries at 6 and arrive at Fredericksburg by 11 1-2 in the morning—Leave Fredericksburg at 12 (noon) and arrive at Richmond the next morning by 6—Leave Richmond at 6 1-2 and arrive at Petersburg by 11 1-2 in the morning.

Returning, will leave Petersburg every day at 12 1-2 P. M. and arrive at Alexandria in the same time. This stage will carry no more than 2 passengers on any account whatever, and not more than 14 lbs. of baggage can be allowed to each passenger.

An Accommodation Stage between Alexandria and Petersburg will also commence running at the same time, every other day throughout the year, without regard to Sundays, and will travel only in the day time.

On this line it is the intention of the owners to study the wishes and the convenience of passengers. Still, however, regard must be had to time—Going south from Alexandria they will breakfast at Occoquan, dine at Stafford Court House, and lodge at Fredericksburg—The next day will breakfast at the Bowling Green, dine at the Oaks, and lodge at Richmond. And on the third day will breakfast at the Half-Way house and dine at Petersburg.

Returning, will dine at the Half-Way house and lodge at Richmond. Early in the morning, breakfast at the Oaks, dine at the Bowling Green, and lodge at Fredericksburg. Next morning, will breakfast at Stafford court house, dine at Occoquan, and lodge at Alexandria.

The owners on this line too, have to request that passengers will be as moderate as possible in the quantity of their baggage, as any thing more than a small trunk or parcel which will go within the body of the stage will be an extra charge.

The Proprietors.

August 24.

To the Curious.

A LIVE CASSOWARY, to be seen at HOBBSKIN'S tavern, sign of the Indian Queen.

THIS animal is a native of the island Borneo; and was brought to the United States in the ship America, Capt. Lelar, from Batavia. It is young and in full plumage, very docile, and worth the attention of every person. The following extract from Dobson's Encyclopedia, shows the estimation in which it is held by the lovers of nature, being conformably to the description given.—(See volume 18, page 40.)

"The Cassowary is nearly equal in size to the Ostrich, but its legs are much thicker and stronger in proportion. It is 5 feet and an half long, from the bill to the end of the claws: the legs are 2 feet and an half high from the belly. The head and neck together are a foot and a half; and the largest toe is 5 inches long. The wing is so small, that it does not appear, being hid under the feathers of the back. The part which most distinguishes this animal is the head, which tho' small, inspires some degree of terror. It is bare of feathers, and armed with an helmet of horny substance, black before, and yellow behind. The neck is of a violet color, and red in several places. The Cassowary has the head of a warrior, the eye of a lion, the defence of a porcupine, and the swiftness of a courser. It can devour glass, without the least injury, &c.

To be seen at the same place, Several other living Curiosities, &c.

ALSO—A PIECE OF MECHANISM.

Such as was never seen before in this country AN ORGAN of an entirely new construction.—The Organ play several favorite tunes—number of figures, as natural as life, dance to the music, while several artillerymen discharge their pieces. &c. a representation which has ever been highly gratifying to spectators.

Admittance every day (Sundays excepted) 25 cents.

WANTED,

A quantity of good clean Wheat, BY

Wm. Bartleman.

August 16.

VALUABLE MEDICINES.

The following Valuable Medicines, just celebrated through the United States for their superior efficacy in the cure of the several disorders for which they are recommended, from *Hamilton's* Patent Family Medicine Store, New-York, are sold only by the subscriber, at his store in King-street:

Hamilton's Grand Restorative,

Is recommended as an invaluable medicine for the speedy and permanent cure of nervous disorders or such as arise from the immoderate use of tea, strong liquors, long residence in warm climates, excessive weakness, and a general relaxation of the system.

Hamilton's Essence and Extract of Mustard.

A safe and effectual remedy for the gout, rheumatism, sprains, pains in the face and neck, &c.

Hamilton's Worm-destroying Lozenges.

By which many thousands have been relieved from the distressing and dangerous malady of worms and other obstructions in the stomach and bowels.

Hamilton's Elixir.

A sovereign remedy for colds, obstinate coughs, asthmas, sore throats and approaching consumptions.

Hahn's Anti-bilious Pills.

Are justly esteemed for carrying off the superfluous bile from the stomach and preventing morbid secretions and their consequences, bilious and malignant fevers, &c. These pills are perfectly mild in their operation, and may be used with safety by persons of every age and in every situation.

The Sovereign Ointment for the Itch.

A speedy and effectual remedy, generally removing the complaint at one application. It may be safely used by persons of every age.

The Anodyne Elixir.

For the cure of every kind of head ache.

Hahn's genuine Eye-Water.

An excellent remedy for all disorders of the eyes, many persons having been cured of it when nearly deprived of sight.

Tooth-ache Drops.

Give immediate relief in the most violent attacks.

The Restorative Powder for the Teeth and Gums.

Cleanses and strengthens them, and preserves the enamel of the teeth from decay.

Gowland's Lotion, and the genuine Persian Lotion.

Both celebrated in the fashionable world as most excellent cosmetics and perfectly safe.

Hahn's true and genuine Corn-Plaster.

A certain remedy for corns, speedily eradicating them without giving pain.

Ague and Fever Drops.

Justly esteemed for their great efficacy in cure of agues and intermittent fevers.

Damask Lip Salve, and Indian Vegetable Specific.

James Kennedy, sen.

Alexandria, October 18.

ADDITIONAL EVIDENCE

OF the great efficacy of the *Patent and Family Medicines*, prepared by the late Richard Lee, jun. which for near eight years past have acquired throughout the United States a celebrity hitherto unequalled.

Philadelphia, August 9, 1800.

Being desirous to make public for the good of others, the excellent quality of HAMILTON'S ELIXIR, prepared by the late Mr. Lee, I have sent you the following account of the benefit I have received from it, which I hope will induce others to give it a trial. In consequence of a bruise on the breast received from a fall, my health grew bad, my breathing became very difficult, and frequently I have had suddenly to rise up in my bed with all the horrors of immediate suffocation. Add to these a constant pain in my breast and a cough, a great loss of strength and flesh, and you may conceive that my symptoms evidently indicated an approaching consumption. The advice of a most eminent physician was resorted to, and afterwards a second was called in, without giving me any relief. Another physician who knew me and the circumstances of my case, advised me to give Hamilton's Elixir a trial, saying, he had used it in his practice, and always found it do much good. A bottle was procured from Mr. Birch's, and I found relief before I had taken one half of it. I continued to use it and was soon strong enough to attend to business. On taking cold, some of my former symptoms return, but are always removed by a dose or two of the elixir.

GEO. BENNER, jun.

No. 1, Budd-street, Philadelphia

Mr. H. Lee

From Luther Martin, Esq. late Attorney-General of the State of Maryland.

I comply with your request in stating my opinion of Hamilton's Elixir. It has been used in my family for two or three years past, with uniform success, whenever colds, coughs, or similar complaints, have rendered medicine necessary. I have myself found it an excellent and agreeable remedy for a very painful and troublesome affection of the breast, accompanied with soreness, and with obstructed and difficult breathing.

On these accounts I do not hesitate to recommend Hamilton's Elixir as a valuable medicine, and deserving public attention.

LUTHER MARTIN.

HAMILTON'S ELIXIR

Is recommended as the best remedy for coughs, colds, asthmas, hooping cough, approaching consumptions, and most disorders of the breast and lungs. This preparation will prove a valuable acquisition to public speakers who may be subject to temporary hoarseness, thickness of speech, &c. In long confirmed Asthmatic complaints where a cure can speedily be expected, this medicine affords immediate relief, moderating the fits of coughing, and rendering their recurrence less frequent. On children afflicted with the hooping cough, the like beneficial effects may confidently be expected.

ITCH CURED.

By once using Lee's Sovereign Ointment, which, as I have used for 20 years in Europe and for near 8 years in America, has never been known to fail in any one instance. It is perfectly innocent, warranted not to contain a particle of mercury or any pernicious ingredient, and may be used with perfect safety on an infant, being a vegetable preparation and entirely free from the offensive smell which attends most other remedies.

HAMILTON'S LOZENGES,

Which have cured more children and adults of disorders proceeding from worms, than all the medicines heretofore discovered. In addition to the great cures mentioned in the letters from the Chancellor of the state of Maryland, the Rev. Mr. Mollitor and others, lately published the following are submitted to the public; being selected for the purpose of shewing the mild yet powerful qualities of this extraordinary medicine, which, although so mild in its operation, is competent to expel the formidable tape worm.

An infant, aged 5 weeks, of Mr. Henry Ewbank, taylor, Charles-street, Baltimore, was dangerously afflicted with convulsion fits, so that his life was despaired of, but was perfectly cured by one dose of Hamilton's Worm Lozenges, which expelled several worms, the undoubted cause of the child's disorder. Letter from Mr. Ackerman, bricklayer, Magazine street, near Broadway, Jan. 24, 1802.

It would be ungrateful were I to withhold my testimony in favor of Hamilton's Worm Destroying Lozenges. I had been between five and six years past much indisposed, and latterly often tormented with severe griping and pains in the bowels, troubled with offensive breath, with violent feverish fits, and other obvious symptoms of worms; but frequently hearing your Worm Lozenges recommended in cases similar to mine, I determined on a trial of them, as my last resource. The first dose evacuated twelve or 13 feet of a tape worm; two other doses were taken, which brought away a quantity of matter broken like skins and pieces of worms. I suppose the tape worm, voided at different times, must in the whole have exceeded forty feet. The almost incredible benefit I received from this medicine, induced me to give a dose to a child of mine who was pining and sickly: it produced the same good effect in this instance expelling a worm of a different kind, from nine to twelve inches long, and at the same time restoring a good state of health.

HENRY ACKERMAN.

ALSO,

The following new and valuable Medicine, just received and for sale as above.

(Price, Two Dollars per bottle.)

Dr. Tiff's celebrated Gout and Rheumatic Drops.

NOTHING is of more importance than the preservation of health—this common lapse remark however is too often forgotten, whilst we are active and strong—and prevention of pain, which is superior to its cure, is not sufficiently attended to by any description of persons. Among those disorders which require the most early and unremitting efforts to eradicate and overcome, none have a stronger claim upon our notice than the Gout, Rheumatism, Lumbago, Weakness of the Joints, Sprains, Gleet, the Stone and Gravel, the Cramp and every species of Rheumatic Pains from whatever cause they may have originated—and hence every relief which can be administered is too valuable to be forgotten. Those persons whose avocations peculiarly expose them to colds, &c. cannot be too anxious always to possess immediate aid. Sea-faring persons, travellers, &c. ought constantly to carry with them that medicine which will counteract the unpleasant effects of their perilous duties, and especially those pains to which their situation must expose them. To those who reside in or visit the West-Indies, and the warm climates, they will be found upon trial to convey the most lasting service and

will gradually destroy tendency to disease in the human frame, and preserve health and vigor. Although a great variety of prescriptions have been published to cure the disorders enumerated above, none has yet equalled the GOUT AND RHEUMATIC DROPS of Dr. TISSOT, which are celebrated throughout the European continent, and whose unbounded benefits are fully authenticated by certificates already published of gentlemen so well known in America, being of the first consequence in the state of Maryland: General Charles Ridgely, of Hampton; John Gibson, Esq. one of the directors of the Farmers' Bank of Maryland; John Macubbin, Esq. Mrs. Macubbin, his wife; and Mrs. Ryan, of Calton. Certificate of Mr. Thomas Kelso, butcher.

About three weeks since I was most violently attacked with Rheumatic pains throughout my whole frame, in so severe a manner as not to be able to turn in my bed without assistance proceeding as I suppose from a severe cold to being advised by a friend to apply Dr. Tissot's Gout and Rheumatic Drops, I accordingly obtained from the agents Messrs. George Dobbin and Murphy, two bottles, the application of which, under God, have perfectly restored me to health. I am therefore induced with confidence to recommend this medicine as a certain cure for the above disorder.

THOMAS KELSO.

Baltimore, July 22d, 1806.

Certificate of Mr. Thomas Campbell, Harness-maker.

It would be an act of injustice to withhold my testimony of the salutary effects of Doctor Tissot's Gout and Rheumatic Drops, as I have experienced a very unequivocal instance of their virtues and efficacy. I was afflicted with two severe attacks of what is usually called Dead Palsy, from which I partially recovered, but was obliged to use crutches to aid me in walking when I left home; to this were joined violent Rheumatic pains, the result of the affliction, and I had feared the disorder would accompany me through life; but providentially was recommended to apply to George Dobbin and Murphy's for Dr. Tissot's Drops, and after using only one bottle, found myself perfectly liberated from my disorder, and am now, thank God, as free from pain as if I never had been afflicted. Finding this medicine operate so powerfully on myself, I determined to apply it internally to my child, a boy only eleven months old, who was then reduced almost to a skeleton with the Bowel Complaint; after administering it four times to him, his complaint was entirely removed, and he is now recovering his strength with great rapidity.

TH. CAMPBELL.

Baltimore, July 28, 1806.

Unheard of Accommodation.

JOHN BELL,

DRAWING AND PAINTING MASTER,

IS now raising a club, to supply individuals with their Portraits on easy terms: it will consist of twenty-four persons, each to deposit two dollars, weekly, and at the expiration of twelve weeks, each person shall receive a well finished and approved Likeness, large as life.

Two individuals will sit for their pictures every week, as their names are inserted in the list.

Specimens to be seen at his house, near captain Slacum's, lower end of Fairfax street August 8

Notice is hereby Given,

THAT the subscriber of Alexandria county in the district of Columbia, has obtained from the Orphans' court of said county, letters of administration with the will annexed, upon the estate of Mr. SAMUEL CRAIG, late of the county aforesaid, merchant, dec'd. All persons having claims against the said deceased, are hereby warned to exhibit them, with the vouchers thereof to the subscriber on or before the 9th day of September next, or they may by law be excluded from all benefit to said estate, and those indebted thereto are required to make in immediate payment.

Given under my hand this ninth day of March, 1808.

John G. Ladd,

Administrator, with the will annexed of Samuel Craig, deceased.

August 8

TO RENT,

A three story Brick House and Lot, well calculated for business and the accommodation of a family, situate at the corner of Prince and Washington-streets, in an airy & healthy part of the town—Possession given on the first day of August next.—Apply to Philip Triplett.

Edmund Denney.

July 11.

Wines for Sale.

I HAVE FOR SALE,

6 pipes old London Particular Madeira WINE.
4 ditto new ditto ditto.
6 ditto old Port.
25 quarter casks Malaga.
50 quarter casks Lisbon.
20 boxes brown Soap.
50 ditto Mould Candles.

Bryan Hampson.

August 4.

JAMES BACON,

At his GROCERY STORE, on KING STREET,

received in addition to his former

A fresh Supply of Genuine Articles

the Grocery Line

Which makes his assortment complete

He now offers for sale, on his usual low

Mulcovado Sugars, of various qua

lities,

Loaf and Lump ditto,

Gunpowder,

Imperial,

Hyson,

Young-Hyson,

Hyson-Skin, and

Souchong

Best green Coffee,

Chocolate, of a superior quality

Madeira,

Buscellos,

Sherry,

Lisbon,

Teneriffe,

Malaga, and

Genuine old Port

Cognac and Bourdeaux Brandy,

Old Jamaica Spirit, for family use,

Antigua, St. Croix, St. Vincent's, and

England Rum,

Holland Gin,

Irish and country Whisky,

Molasses, Wine, and Cider Vinegar,

Stoughton's Bitters,

Mace, nutmegs, cloves, cassia, pimento,

Cayenne and black pepper, rice and ground

Ginger, basket salt for table use, deersfoot

rice, starch, fig blue, soap, mould, distill

essence, candles, refined salt-petre, indigo,

alum, copperas, madder, brimstone,

spinning cotton, patent shot all sizes, best

English and country made gunpowder, segars

and smoking tobacco, very best chewing

bacco.

Hamilton and Leiper's snuff, Hunter's

in boxes.

London mustard, warranted of a superi

quality, Dixon's best ditto, wrapping paper

semi-john's, &c. &c. with generally every

article in his line—the whole of which have been

collected with care, and will be disposed of at

the very lowest terms

Joseph Mandeville

CORNER OF KING AND FAIRFAX STREETS,

ALEXANDRIA:

HAS FOR SALE,

An assortment of WINES, LI

QUORS, GROCERIES, &c.

Consisting of

MADEIRA

Port

Sherry

Lisbon

Malaga

Tenaciffe &

Corsica

Old St. Estephe Medos Faret, in cases

one dozen

A few dozen fine old frontinac

Ditto do. best wine bitters

Jamaica and West-India rum

New-England do.

Cognac, Bourdeaux and Naples brandy

Holland and country gin

Schiedam gin in cases

Irish whiskey, very old

70 barrels Pennsylvania rye

Cider in barrels

White wine and Cider vinegar

Florence oil in flasks

2 hogsheads Havana honey

15 do. choice retailing molasses

Gunpowder

Imperial

Hyson

Young Hyson

Hyson-Skin and

Souchong

Muscovado sugars, different qualities

Bengal white do.

Loaf and lump sugars, Philadelphia, Bal

timore and Alexandria.

Leiper's, Garrett's, and Hamilton's snuff

in bottles and bladders.

Macuba and rapee do.

Clover-seed, (Penn. warranted)

Mace; nutmegs; cloves; cassia; pimento

to; pepper; ginger, rice and ground; Cay

enne pepper; refined salt-petre.

Coffee; chocolate; rice; pearl barley

London and Philadelphia mustard; basket

salt; starch; fig blue; floutant indigo; Geo-

gia and Tennessee cotton; flax; wool-moth

der; copperas; alum; brimstone; chalk;

pipes in boxes; wrapping paper and twine;

traces; bed cords; leading lines; demijohns;

gin cases; patent shot; brandy wine gunpow

der; Harvey's gunpowder, [the only real Bat

tish battle powder] from F to treble seal;

chewing tobacco; best Havana segars.

Muscadel and bloom raisins in boxes.

Sun raisins in cases.

Zante currants; prunes; soft shelled

monds.

A few boxes excellent pickles, each one

dozen bottles assorted; capers, olives and

clawies, for sale by the box.

A quantity of clean good alum salt suitable

for the fishery, &c. &c.

PRINTED DAILY BY

SAMUEL SNOWEEN,

(For the Proprietor.)